

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Name of the substance	HyPrene 40
Identification number	649-466-00-2 (Index number)
Registration number	01-2119484819-18
Synonyms	None.
Identified uses	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against Tire Oils, Rubber Compounding, Automotive & Industrial Hoses, Dedusting, Plasticizer, Titanium Dioxide Wash, Compressor Wash Oils, Hydraulic Fracturing Oil, Adhesives, Carpet Backing, Feed Stock for White Oil, Refrigeration Oil, Diluents and Carriers, Carbon Black, Banbury Dust Stop, Defoamers, Sealants, Belts & Hoses, Coatings, Leather Tanning, Agriculture Oils.
Uses advised against	None known.
<b>1.3. Details of the supplier of t</b>	-
MANUFACTURER:	Ergon, Inc.
	P.O. Box 1639
	Jackson, MS 39181 USA
EU Contact:	Ergon International, Inc.
	Drève Richelle 161 Building C
	B-1410 Waterloo, Belgium
Emergency Phone Numbers:	
US Customer Service:	+ 1-800-222-7122
CHEMTREC:	+ 1-800-424-9300 After Business Hours (North America)
	+ 1-703-5273887 (International),
	+32-28083237 (Belgium)
	+33-975181407 (France)
	+49-69643508409 (Germany)
	+39-0245557031 (Italy)
	+34-931768545 (Spain)
E-mail:	sds@ergon.com
Poison Centre (Centre Antipoisons - Belgium):	+32022649636

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The substance has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards	Catagory 2	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aspiration hazard	Category 1	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### 2.2. Label elements

**Contains:** 

### Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Hazard statements	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P260	Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P391	Collect spillage.
Storage	
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	
	See section 13 of this SDS for disposal instructions.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Supplemental label information	None.
2.3. Other hazards	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

# General information

	-			
	64742-47-8 265-149-8	01-2119484819-18	649-422-00-2	
•			p. Tox.	
	Flam. Liq. 3	265-149-8 Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Acute Tox.	265-149-8	265-149-8 Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Acute Tox. 3;H331;(ATE: 5,2 mg/l), Asp. Tox.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

General information	Contact physician if discomfort continues.
4.1. Description of first aid me	asures
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Skin contact	Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.
Eye contact	Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Call a poison control centre immediately.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Defatting of the skin.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	Halon. Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray or fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.
Special fire fighting procedures	Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Use pressurised air mask if product is involved in a fire.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of vapours or mists. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. All handling to take place in well-ventilated area. Shower after work. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a well-ventilated place. Use care in handling/storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits Belgium. Exposure Limit Values Components

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapour.	

# Bulgaria. OELs. Regulation No 13 on protection of workers against risks of exposure to chemical agents at workComponentsTypeValue

Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine – unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8) Value   Czech Republic. OELs. Government Decree 361 Material Type Value Value   HyPrene 40 Ceiling TWA 1000 mg/m3 200 mg/m3   Denmark. Exposure Limit Values Material Type Value Form Form   HyPrene 40 TLV 1 mg/m3   Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits Material Type Value Form   HyPrene 40 TLV 1 mg/m3   Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits Material Type Value   HyPrene 40 TWA 5 mg/m3   Distillates (petroleum), HyPrene 40 TWA 500 mg/m3   Distillates (petroleum), HyPrene 40 TWA 500 mg/m3   Distillates (petroleum), Hydro- treated light; Kerosine – unspecified [ complex combination of Hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having cathon numbers predominan (CAS Sub mg/m3	components	rype	value		
MaterialTypeValueHyPrene 40Ceiling TWA1000 mg/m3 200 mg/m3Denmark. Exposure Limit Values MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TLV1 mg/m3Mist.Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TLV1 mg/m3Mist.Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueValueDistilates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine – unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CASTWASolo mg/m3	hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS	TWA	300 mg/m3		
HyPrene 40 Ceiling TWA 1000 mg/m3 200 mg/m3   Denmark. Exposure Limit Values Material Type Value Form   HyPrene 40 TLV 1 mg/m3 Mist.   Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits Material Type Value Form   HyPrene 40 TWA 5 mg/m3 Mist.   Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits Material Type Value Form   HyPrene 40 TWA 5 mg/m3 Mist.   Components Type Value Value   Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS Nist.	-				
TWA200 mg/m3Denmark. Exposure Limit Values MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TLV1 mg/m3Mist.Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CASTWA500 mg/m3	Material	Туре	Value		
Denmark. Exposure Limit Values MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TLV1 mg/m3Mist.Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CASTWA	HyPrene 40	-	-		
MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TLV1 mg/m3Mist.Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CASTwpeValue		TWA	200 mg/m3		
Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons 			Value	Form	
MaterialTypeValueFormHyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CASTWA500 mg/m3	HyPrene 40	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.	
HyPrene 40TWA5 mg/m3Mist.ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS5 mg/m3Mist.	Finland. Workplace Exposure Lim	nits			
ComponentsTypeValueDistillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CASTWA500 mg/m3	Material	Туре	Value	Form	
Distillates (petroleum), TWA 500 mg/m3 hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS	HyPrene 40	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.	
hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS	Components	Туре	Value		
64742-47-8)	hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers	TWA	500 mg/m3		

# Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)

Compounds in the Work Area (DFG) Components	) Туре	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable aerosol fraction
		350 mg/m3	Vapour.
		50 ppm	Vapour.
Germany. TRGS 900, Limit Values i Components	n the Ambient Air at the Workplace Type	e Value	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	AGW	300 mg/m3	
Hungary. OELs. Joint Decree on Che			_
Material	Type	Value	Form
HyPrene 40 Iceland. OELs. Regulation 154/199	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Material	Туре	Value	Form
HyPrene 40	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Ireland. Occupational Exposure Lin Material	nits Type	Value	Form
HyPrene 40	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Italy. Occupational Exposure Limits			_
Material	Туре	Value	Form
HyPrene 40 Lithuania OELs, Limit Values for C	TWA homical Substances, Conoral Pegu	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Lithuania. OELs. Limit Values for C Components	hemical Substances, General Requ Type	Value	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in	STEL	500 mg/m3	
It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS			
the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS	TWA <b>Type</b>	350 mg/m3 <b>Value</b>	Form

# Norway. Administrative Norms for Contaminants in the Workplace

Material	Туре	Value	Form
HyPrene 40	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Components	Туре	Value	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	TLV	275 mg/m3	
		40 ppm	
Poland. Ordinance of the Ministo concentrations and intensities o Components			

Components	Туре	Value	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		0 ppm	
	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		0 ppm	
Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occupat	-		
Material	Туре	Value	Form
HyPrene 40	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Aerosol
Slovakia. OELs. Regulation No. 3 Material	00/2007 concerning protec Type	tion of health in work with o Value	chemical agents Form
HyPrene 40	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
		15 ppm	Fume and mist.
Spain. Occupational Exposure Li	mits		
Material	Туре	Value	Form
HyPrene 40	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Components	Туре	Value	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	

Sweden. OELs. Work Envir Material	onment Authority (AV), Occu Type	pational Exposure	e Limit Values (AF Value	S 2015:7) Form
HyPrene 40	STEL		3 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA		1 mg/m3	Mist.
Components	Туре		Value	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	STEL		500 mg/m3	
	TWA		350 mg/m3	
Switzerland. SUVA Grenzv Components	verte am Arbeitsplatz Type		Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	STEL		700 mg/m3	Vapour.
	TWA		100 ppm 5 mg/m3 350 mg/m3	Vapour. Aerosol Vapour.
			50 ppm	Vapour.
logical limit values commended monitoring cedures	No biological exposure limits n Not available.	oted for the ingredi	ent(s).	
ived no effect levels IELs)	Not available.			
dicted no effect centrations (PNECs)	Not available.			
osure guidelines				
unspecified [ complex co obtained by treating a pe in the presence of a cata having carbon numbers p	ydro- treated light; Kerosine — mbination of hydrocarbons etroleum fraction with hydrogen lyst. It consists of hydrocarbons predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	Can be absorbed t	hrough the skin.	
Spain OELs: Skin designat		Can be abcorbed t	brough the claim	
unspecified [ complex co obtained by treating a pe in the presence of a cata having carbon numbers p	ydro- treated light; Kerosine — mbination of hydrocarbons etroleum fraction with hydrogen lyst. It consists of hydrocarbons predominan (CAS 64742-47-8)	Can be absorbed t	nough the SKIN.	
. Exposure controls				
propriate engineering trols	Provide adequate ventilation, i occupational exposure limit is		e local extraction, to	o ensure that the defined
ividual protection measure General information	es, such as personal protectiv Not available.	e equipment		
Eye/face protection Skin protection	Goggles/face shield are recom	mended.		

- Hand protection	Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves.
- Other	Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
Respiratory protection	Under normal conditions, respirator is not normally required. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
Thermal hazards	Not available.
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Environmental exposure controls	Not available.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties **Physical state** Liquid. Form Liquid. Colour Not available. Odour Mild Petroleum Odor -85 °C (-121 °F) ASTM D5949/ ISO 3016 Melting point/freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling 228 °C (442,4 °F) ASTM D2887/ ISO 3294 point and boiling range Flammability Not available. **Flash point** 113,0 °C (235,4 °F) Cleveland open cup ASTM D92/ ISO 2592 104,0 °C (219,2 °F) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D93/ ISO 2719 Auto-ignition temperature > 315,56 °C (> 600 °F) ASTM E659 **Decomposition temperature** Not available. Not applicable. pН **Kinematic viscositv** Not available. Solubility Solubility (water) Insoluble **Partition coefficient** Not established. (n-octanol/water) (log value) Vapour pressure Not available. Density and/or relative density 0,86 (15,56 °C (60 °F) ASTM D4052) **Relative density** Vapour density Not available. **Particle characteristics** Not available. 9.2. Other information 9.2.1. Information with No relevant additional information available. regard to physical hazard classes 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics 3,3 cSt (40 °C (104 °F) ASTM D445/ ISO 3104) Viscosity **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 10 1 0 .. ..

10.1. Reactivity	Strong oxidising agents.
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.
SECTION 11: Toxicologic	al information

# CITON 11: Toxicological information

General information	Not available.
Information on likely routes o	f exposure
Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact	May be irritati	ing to eyes.	
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting. Vomiting may increase risk of product aspiration. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Symptoms	Defatting of t	he skin. Coughing. Shortness of breath.	Discomfort in the chest.
11.1. Information on hazard o	lasses as defir	ned in Regulation (EC) No 1272/200	18
Acute toxicity	Not applicable	2.	
Components	Species		Test Results
			on of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a shaving carbon numbers predominan (CAS
<u>Acute</u>			
Inhalation			5 5200 mg/m2 4 Hours
LC50	-		> 5200 mg/m3, 4 Hours
Not available. * Estimates for	- product may be	e based on additional component data n	ot shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to sl	kin.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified.	. May cause minor irritation on eye conta	act.
Respiratory sensitisation	Not classified		
Skin sensitisation	Not classified		
Germ cell mutagenicity	17-0023466 a	sh went out in Job 18-0024189, French and Hindi under 17-0023485	
Carcinogenicity	•		IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. Not classified.
Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Or work (as amended) Not listed.	rdinance on pr	otection against and preventing risl	k relating to exposure to carcinogens at
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ir	ngredient listed as toxic to reproduction	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		owsiness and dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified		
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal i	f swallowed and enters airways.	
Mixture versus substance information	Not available.		
11.2. Information on other ha	zards		
Endocrine disrupting properties	Not available.		
Other information	Risk of chemi	cal pneumonia after aspiration.	
SECTION 12: Ecological	information	1	
12.1. Toxicity		contains a substance which is harmful to verse effects in the aquatic environment.	aquatic organisms and which may cause
Product		Species	Test Results
HyPrene 40			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	1,2, 21 days
<i>Acute</i>		<b>F</b> ield	
Fish	LC50	Fish Species	2,2, 4 days estimated Test Results
Components	atod light: Koros	Species	on of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a
petroleum fraction with hydrogen 64742-47-8)			is having carbon numbers predominan (CAS
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i> Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	2,2, 4 days

Not available. \* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

12.2. Persistence and degradability	Not inherently biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not established.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	Not available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	Not available.
12.7. Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.
EU waste code	Not applicable. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.
Disposal methods/information	Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

### ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ 14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.7. Maritime transport in Not available.

#### bulk according to IMO instruments

**General information** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **EU** regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

### Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

### Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Not listed. Regulation (EC) No. 1907	2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as ame	
Not listed.		
Authorisations		
Not listed.	7/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization,	as amended
Restrictions on use		
Regulation (EC) No. 1907 amended	7/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on	marketing and use as
Not listed. Directive 2004/37/EC: or mutagens at work, as am	n the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to rended.	o carcinogens and
Not listed.		
Other EU regulations		
Directive 2012/18/EU on	major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as an	nended
	hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified [ complex combination of h ction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydroca 2-47-8)	
Other regulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directive This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation	
National regulations	Germany: WGK 1	
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.	
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

List of abbreviations	Not available.
References	ACGIH IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Handbook CRC: Handbook of Chemistry and Physics ILO Safety Cards International Labour Organization International Maritime Organization Marine Pollutants List NFPA Hazardous Chemical Data Sheets NIOSH Pocket Guide Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulations
Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture	Not available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in	
full under sections 2 to 15	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H331 Toxic if inhaled.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Revision information</b>	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.
Training information	Not available.
Disclaimer	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.